

ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT 2024

TSC | TALLAHASSEE STATE COLLEGE
POLICE

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TSC POLICE DEPARTMENT



The Tallahassee State College Police Department (TSCPD) is on the second floor of the Centre Building (# 9), centrally located on the main campus across from the Library and the Student Union. TSCPD provides service five days a week, and is an integral part of TSC's commitment to developing and maintaining a safe and secure campus through the cooperative efforts of many departments and campus organizations.

TSCPD is comprised of sworn law enforcement officers, non-sworn public safety officers, public safety communications officers, emergency management personnel, and administrative staff. To accomplish its mission of ensuring a safe and secure campus, all TSCPD members receive continuous training, and safety training programs are offered to the entire campus throughout the year.

In 2013, TSCPD became the first and remains the only state college police department in Florida to be accredited by the Commission for Florida Law Enforcement Accreditation (CFA). TSCPD received reaccreditation from CFA in 2016, 2019, and again in 2022. Accreditation is a prestigious award that recognizes TSCPD's commitment to contemporary policing standards.

TSCPD provides a full range of police services, including but not limited to investigating all crimes committed in its jurisdiction; making arrests; providing safety services programs; enforcing traffic laws; and aiding students, faculty, staff, and visitors to our campus. TSCPD maintains close working relationships with local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies to implement and coordinate law enforcement operations, as needed.

TSCPD members understand the overall academic mission of TSC and strive to play a vital role in enhancing that mission. Concern for the community's well-being, desire to provide service and assistance whenever possible, and commitment to supporting the academic environment factor into TSCPD's daily operations and procedures.



CONTACT INFORMATION

Hours of Operation and Contact Information

The hours of operation are Monday thru Friday 7am-11pm (excluding holidays and campus closures).

Location: Second Floor, Centre Building (Building 9)
Mailing Address: 444 Appleyard Drive, Tallahassee, Florida 32304

Dispatch - Non-emergencies	(850) 201-6100
Dispatch - Emergencies	9-1-1
E-mail Address	campuspolice@tsc.fl.edu
Chief of Police - Chief Sean McGovern	(850) 201-6446
Patrol Operations - Lieutenant Tiffany Echoles	(850) 201-8630
Morning Shift Supervisor - Sergeant John Cummings	(850) 201-8467
Evening Shift Supervisor - Sergeant Oscar Gonzalez	(850) 201-8016
Office and Records Manager - Sarah Grissett	(850) 201-6098
Emergency Management and Safety - Grea (GB) Bevis	(850) 201-8019



MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF

Hello, I am Chief Sean McGovern and on behalf of the Tallahassee State College Police Department (TSC PD), I would like to welcome you to Tallahassee State College. I hope that your time here is rewarding and fulfilling.

TSC PD is a full-service Public Safety organization. We are accredited through the Commission for Florida Law Enforcement Accreditation (CFA), and we are committed to providing a safe and secure learning environment in which faculty and staff may facilitate student success in preparation for future career opportunities. We want you to concentrate on the core business of teaching and learning.

TSC PD patrols eighty-five buildings and seven campus locations across three counties, implements safety and security standards, and provides police and security services to the College. TSC PD's team consists of state certified police officers, non-sworn public safety officers, police communications staff, administrative support personnel, and emergency management professionals.

TSC PD patrols the campus using police vehicles, GEM™ cars, golf carts, bicycles, and regular foot patrols to ensure quick responses and high visibility.

We work tirelessly to meet the safety needs of our campus community. Input from you, our stakeholders, is always welcome. If you need any assistance from TSC PD while on or away from campus, please contact us by calling 850-201-6100 or visiting the TSC PD page on the TSC website.

Sincerely,

Chief Sean McGovern

sean.mcgovern@tsc.fl.edu



THE CLERY ACT

The federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act) requires colleges and universities, both public and private, participating in federal student aid programs to disclose campus safety information and imposes certain basic requirements for handling incidents of sexual violence and emergency situations. Disclosures about crime statistics and summaries of security policies are made once a year in an Annual Security Report (ASR), and information about specific crimes and emergencies is made publicly available on an ongoing basis throughout the year.

The Clery Act is named in memory of Jeanne Clery who was raped and murdered in her residence hall room on April 5, 1986, by a fellow student she did not know. Her parents championed laws requiring the disclosure of campus crime information, and the federal law that now bears their daughter's name was enacted in 1990. It has been amended regularly to keep up with changes in campus safety with the most recent update in 2013 to expand the law's requirements concerning the handling of sexual violence.

More commonly known as the Clery Act, this law requires all colleges and universities participating in Title IV student financial aid programs to:

- Collect, classify, and count crime reports and statistics.
- Issue campus alerts
- Publish an annual security report.
- Submit crime statistics to the Department of Education
- Maintain a daily crime log.

PREPARING THE ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT

To meet requirements of the Clery Act, this annual security report is compiled and prepared by TSCPD in cooperation with several College entities, including:

- Academic Support
- Campus Security Authorities (CSAs)
- Human Resources
- Plant Operations
- Emergency Management
- Student Affairs
- Student Conduct
- College Equity Officer and Title IX Coordinator

Crime and disciplinary referral statistics are collected from the above groups, while statistical information for activity that occurs off campus is retrieved from local law enforcement authorities.

For purposes of making timely warning reports and the annual statistical disclosure required under the Clery Act, the campus community should report crimes to either TSCPD or a Campus Security Authority (CSA) as defined herein.

LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY AND PARTNERSHIPS



TSCPD derives law enforcement authority from Section 1012.88, Florida Statutes. TSCPD officers have full arrest powers for violations occurring on or in any property or facilities of the College.

Mutual aid or other cooperative agreements have been implemented with the Tallahassee Police Department, Leon County Sheriff's Office, Gadsden County Sheriff's Office, and Wakulla County Sheriff's Office.

Any reported criminal activity that may involve an officially recognized student organization will be investigated by TSCPD in cooperation with Student Conduct and local law enforcement agencies.

REPORTING CRIMES

Members of the TSC community – students, staff, faculty, vendors, and visitors – are encouraged to promptly report known or suspected crimes to TSCPD or a local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction. Crime victims and witnesses to crimes occurring on campus are encouraged to call TSCPD at **(850) 201-6100 or dial 9-1-1 in case of emergency.**

9-1-1 telephone calls will be answered by the [Leon County Consolidated Dispatch Agency \(CDA\)](#) or the local sheriff's office for campuses in Gadsden and Wakulla Counties. The CDA has agreed to contact TSCPD to advise of calls and coordinate emergency responses to our campuses.

Callers may summon non-emergency assistance from local public safety agencies for off-campus matters occurring in Leon County by calling the CDA at **(850) 606-5800**.

Students and employees are encouraged to report all crimes accurately and promptly to TSCPD and/or the appropriate police agencies when the victim of a crime is unwilling or unable to make such a report. Timely notification can be made to TSCPD by phone, in person, or through the [Silent Witness](#) service.

EAGLESAFE

EagleSafe is the official mobile safety app of Tallahassee State College. It is the only app that integrates with TSC's safety and security systems. TSC has worked to develop a unique app that provides students, faculty, and staff with added safety on the TSC campus. The app will send you important safety alerts and provides instant access to TSCPD and other safety resources. [EagleSafe](#) provides multiple ways to report crimes and safety/security concerns directly to TSCPD.

CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITY (CSA)

Although the reporting of criminal activity directly to TSCPD is encouraged, crimes may also be reported to Campus Security Authorities (CSA). CSAs are college officials who have responsibility for campus security or who have

significant responsibility for student and campus activities. CSAs are responsible for forwarding non-identifying information to TSCPD for inclusion in the annual security report, regardless of whether. The victim chooses to file a report with law enforcement or press charges. As defined under the Clery Act, CSAs encompass four groups of individuals and organizations:

- Campus police department or campus security and all individuals who work for that department.
- Any individual or individuals who have responsibility for campus security but who do not constitute a campus police department or a campus security department (e.g., an individual who is responsible for monitoring the entrance into institutional property)
 - Security personnel at a campus parking kiosk
 - Event security
- Any individual or organization specified in an institution's statement of campus security policy as an individual or organization to which students and employees should report criminal offenses.
- An official of an institution who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities, including but not limited to, student housing, student discipline, and campus judicial proceedings.

An official is defined as *any person who has the authority and the duty to act or respond to issues on behalf of the institution*. This could include college deans and associate deans, athletic director and assistant staff, athletic team coaches, faculty advisors to student groups, and campus staff involved in disciplinary and judicial proceedings. Please be aware that information forwarded by CSAs is for statistical purposes only. If you wish to have your case reviewed by an officer and pursue criminal charges, you must file a report with TSCPD.

PROFESSIONAL COUNSELORS

The TSC Counseling Center provides crisis counseling and assists students with referrals to community mental health providers. The TSC Counseling Center is in the Technology and Professional Programs (TPP) Building and can be reached by phone at **(850) 201-7726**. Both pastoral and professional counselors are encouraged to inform individuals they are counseling, when they deem it appropriate, of procedures to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

VOLUNTARY/CONFIDENTIAL REPORTING

Crime victims are encouraged to file a crime report. Even if the reporting person wishes to remain anonymous or decides not to pursue action within the College or criminal justice systems, TSCPD asks that they consider filing a confidential report for purposes of inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics. These types of reports can be made to TSCPD or any Campus Security Authority. One may also submit anonymous information or tips using the [Silent Witness](#) service on the [TSCPD website](#).

Silent Witness

Persons having information about criminal activity or other suspicious matters that have occurred on campus are encouraged to contact TSCPD through Silent Witness. Using this service allows one to remain anonymous, if so desired, while providing TSCPD with information that might solve or prevent a crime.

OFF-CAMPUS CRIMINAL ACTIVITY

TSCPD does not provide law enforcement services to off-campus student residences. Criminal activity occurring off-campus should be reported to the local law enforcement agency having jurisdiction. TSCPD maintains close working relationships with area law enforcement agencies and facilitates the exchange of relevant information, as appropriate. TSCPD is available to assist with the coordination of information and appropriate referral services.

SECURITY AND ACCESS TO CAMPUS FACILITIES



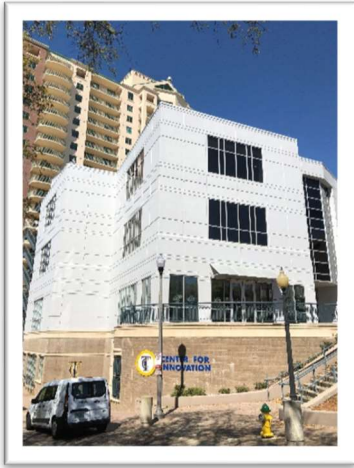
Main Campus

Many campus buildings employ alarms, panic buttons, and video cameras to enhance security in those areas. TSCPD provides safety escorts during evening hours upon request.

During business hours, the TSC campus is open to students, parents, employees, contractors, and guests. During non-business hours, access to campus facilities is restricted to those with issued keys and to those admitted for access by TSCPD after verification of identity and authorization.



Ghazvini Center for Healthcare Education



Center for Innovation



Florida Public Safety Institute
Pat Thomas Law Enforcement Academy



Gadsden Center



Wakulla Environmental Institute



Wakulla Center

SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS IN BUILDING MAINTENANCE



Throughout the year, indoor and outdoor areas are checked to identify any issues with respect to building security, campus lighting, landscaping, and other potential safety and security issues. Lighting and safety hazards identified during routine patrol of the campus are forwarded on an ongoing basis to Plant Operations. Staff and students are encouraged to report areas of immediate concern to Plant Operations at 850-201-8480 or to TSCPD at 850-201-6100.

EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS

[TSC Board of Trustees Policy po8113](#), authorizes the President or the President's designee to declare an emergency on campus or at any of the College's sites. The President or a designee is authorized to establish plans and procedures that enhance the protection of lives and property through the effective use of college and/or community resources in response to an emergency or disaster on campus or at any of the College's sites.

TSC ALERT

[TSC ALERT](#) is the official emergency notification system for the College. TSC ALERT messages are issued in response to a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of persons on campus. TSC ALERT messages include information regarding the applicable location, type of emergency, and response and evacuation procedures.

During an emergency, interested parties should access the [TSC ALERT webpage](#) to track the most current situational information and should NOT call TSCPD to seek updated information.

TSC ALERT messages may be sent to TSC students, faculty, and staff through:



- Text messages to cellular phones
- E-mail messages
- Telephone messages to phone numbers listed in individual Workday profiles.
- Telephone messages to all College phones, including classroom telephones.

TSC Website

During an emergency, [TSC's home page](#) will automatically convert to the [TSC ALERT webpage](#) in order to share the most current situational information, and related information is communicated through College social media accounts.

TSC ALERT Website

The [TSC ALERT website](#) is the primary source for up-to-the-minute emergency information from the College. In the event of an emergency, TSC will post details regarding the emergency, protective action recommendations, and official announcements regarding cancellations, closures, etc. This page is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. Students, faculty, and staff are encouraged to bookmark this page for quick access.

Weather Information

TSC hosts a [WeatherSTEM](#) station on its main campus which contains instruments that measure a variety of conditions, including:

- Solar and UV radiation, rain rate, and rainfall
- Temperature, humidity, and wind

The station has an integrated [Station Portal](#) that displays live weather data. Listed below are a few key features of this portal:

- Lessons and Activities
- Current Weather Conditions
- Weather Forecasts and Alerts
- Daily Sky Videos
- Data Mining

Weather information can also be accessed via text, email, and telephone.

Facebook

TSC has a presence on the Facebook social networking website to provide Facebook users in the TSC network the opportunity to obtain official emergency information in their news feeds. "Like" [TSC's Facebook page](#) to receive notices and updates from the College.

X, formerly known as Twitter

TSC is on X. Become a follower to receive information from the College during emergency events [@TallyState](#)

TIMELY WARNINGS

A timely warning may be issued by the Chief of Police using one or more of the [TSC ALERT](#) systems to alert the campus community about a serious or continuing threat and provide information so that campus community members might protect themselves. These warnings will be issued as soon as pertinent information is available.



EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND EVACUATION PROCEDURES

The [TSC Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan \(CEMP\)](#) provides a framework for an organized response to various human-caused and natural emergency situations. These emergencies include fires, hazardous spills, flooding, explosions, and civil disorders.

TSC conducts emergency preparedness exercises such as tabletop drills, field exercises, and tests of the [TSC ALERT](#) systems.

Certain emergency situations may require that TSC community members be directed to **“Shelter in Place.”** This protective action is intended to keep students, faculty, staff, and visitors safe while remaining indoors. SHELTER-IN-PLACE means selecting a secure, interior room, if possible, with no or few windows, and taking refuge there.

DAILY CRIME LOG

Consistent with Clery Act requirements, TSCPD maintains a [Daily Crime Log \(DCL\)](#) for public inspection that lists, by date of report, all on-campus crimes reported to TSCPD. This log includes crimes reported to have occurred in a non-campus building or property owned or operated by TSC or its students “in a reasonably contiguous geographic area,” and crimes reported to have occurred on public property within, adjacent to, or immediately accessible from the campus or within TSCPD’s patrol jurisdiction.

The DCL includes the nature, date, time, and general location of each crime reported to TSCPD, as well as case disposition upon conclusion of the case. TSCPD posts incidents in the DCL within two business days of receiving a report about an incident and, in accordance with Clery Act requirements, may exclude incidents from the DCL in certain circumstances, particularly those in which inclusion might compromise the investigation.

CAMPUS SAFETY AND CRIME PREVENTION EDUCATION

TSCPD actively participates in efforts to educate the campus community about crime awareness and personal safety. Safety and crime prevention presentations are available to students and staff throughout the school year and on special request.

Campus Safety Tips

- When leaving a vehicle unattended, it should be parked in a well-lit area with its lights off and all doors locked. The driver should be sure to keep the key in his or her possession.
- Valuables should not be left in plain view in parked vehicles. Valuables should be left at home, placed in the vehicle's trunk, or hidden so they cannot be seen from outside the vehicle.
- When approaching a parked vehicle, one should check surrounding areas for strangers hiding near the vehicle.
- Occupants should keep vehicle doors locked while driving on campus.
- TSC community members are encouraged to report any suspicious incidents or individuals to TSCPD as soon as possible.
- Personal property should never be left unattended on campus, and books should be marked on an inside page for later identification.
- TSC community members are reminded to avoid distractions caused by cell phones, texting, or carried items and to be aware of their surroundings.
- TSC community members may call TSCPD for security escorts, as needed.

BYSTANDER INTERVENTION

While TSCPD offers campus safety advice and assistance, all members of the campus community are encouraged to take responsibility for their own safety and, when necessary, assist others through Bystander Intervention.

Most people practice bystander intervention every day. We tell people when they have left their car lights on, and we hold doors for people carrying groceries. It is important to understand and use techniques for safe bystander intervention.

The Five Steps of Bystander Intervention (Adapted from Darley & Latane):

1. Notice a situation.
2. Interpret the situation as someone is in danger or there is a potential for danger. Many situations are ambiguous. It is okay to find out later that there was not an emergency.
3. Assume responsibility to help. Decide to personally do something to help the victim.
4. Know how to help. Try Bystander Intervention Techniques. (See examples below.)
5. Decide to Safely Intervene.

Bystander Intervention Techniques

- Distract
 - Ask for directions.
 - Spill a drink.
 - Engage them in conversation.
 - Women: Invite the female to go to the restroom with you – once there, ask if she needs help.
- Delegate
 - Involve others if it does not feel safe to intervene alone.
 - Ask friends to help distract or confront.
 - Find the at-risk person's friends and tell them about the observed situation.
- Direct
 - Directly confronting the situation (think about how you would directly stop someone from driving drunk)
 - "I don't like how you treat your girlfriend [or wife] – it's abusive and needs to stop." Offer to help find an intervention program.
 - "I'm getting her friends to take her home now."

RAPE AGGRESSION DEFENSE (R.A.D.)



The **Rape Aggression Defense (R.A.D.) System** is a program of realistic self-defense tactics and techniques for women taught by members of TSCPD and/or our local law enforcement partners. The R.A.D. System is a comprehensive, women-only course that begins with awareness, prevention, risk reduction, and risk avoidance and progresses to the basics of hands-on defense training. R.A.D. is not a martial arts program. Courses are taught by nationally certified R.A.D. instructors and provide each student with a workbook/reference manual. This manual outlines the entire Physical Defense Program for reference and continuous personal growth and is the key to the free lifetime return and practice policy for R.A.D. graduates.

R.A.D classes are offered at no charge to members of the TSC campus community. Those who sign up must be at least 12 years of age. While the simulations are voluntary, you must commit to attending all scheduled classes. Each class is limited, so register early. For more information, visit the [TSCPD website](#), the [Tallahassee Police Department \(TPD\) website](#), or the [Florida State University Police Department \(FSUPD\) website](#).

FIREARMS AND WEAPONS

Laws pertaining to firearms, weapons, or destructive devices on TSC property can be found in Chapter 790, Florida Statutes. Florida law prohibits possessing or discharging weapons or firearms at a college- sponsored event or on certain college property.

In addition to legal ramifications, disciplinary action may be initiated by TSC against any student or student organization found responsible for committing the following:

- Possession, storage, or display of firearms, fireworks, explosives, ammunition, dangerous chemicals, and/or any object or dangerous substance in any way, including but not limited to knives, firearms, blackjacks, "chukka" sticks, or containers of noxious material.
- Use or discharge of firearms, fireworks, explosives, ammunition, dangerous chemicals, noxious materials, and/or other objects or substances used as an explosive or weapon.
- Possession of realistic replicas of weapons or explosives.

ACTIVE SHOOTER

The U.S. Department of Homeland Security defines an "active shooter" as "An individual who is engaged in killing or attempting to kill people in a confined and populated area. In most cases, active shooters use firearms, and there is no pattern or method to their selection of victims." This type of event is unpredictable and evolves quickly. Knowing what to do can save lives. Playing dead and "Hide & Hope" are not effective strategies. For many trapped in an active shooter scene, their initial response is to drop to the ground and pretend they are dead. Playing dead should not be the primary response strategy. Civilian Response to Active Shooter Events (CRASE) teaches: Avoid, Deny, defend – ADD. In cases when Avoid, Deny, defend strategies were used, they worked effectively. Planning, whether at home, work, or other locations, can save lives. When arriving at a new location, individuals should assess the exits and plan how to escape during an active shooter event. To save lives, we must be mentally and physically prepared to deal with the situation.

Response to an Active Shooter Event

Resources designed to prepare TSC community members in planning for and surviving an Active Shooter Incident are available through the [TSCPD webpage](#)

TSCPD regularly offers students, faculty, and staff classes in Civilian Response to Active Shooter Events (CRASE). Parties interested in attending an on-campus CRASE class should contact TSCPD at PDCRASE@tsc.fl.edu.

MISSING PERSONS

If a member of the TSC community has reason to believe that a student is missing, he or she should immediately notify TSCPD by calling **(850) 201-6100**. TSCPD will generate a missing person report and initiate an investigation. Should TSCPD determine that the student is missing, notifications will be made to the following within twenty-four hours:

- The student's designated confidential/emergency contact
- The student's parent or legal guardian, if under the age of eighteen and not emancipated
- Surrounding law enforcement agencies

Confidential/emergency contact information will be accessible only to authorized campus officials and may not be disclosed except to law enforcement personnel in furtherance of a missing person investigation. In addition to the notifications mentioned above, once an investigation is initiated, it may include contacting any or all the following:

- The student's parents.
- The law enforcement agency has jurisdiction where the student's permanent residence is located.
- Law enforcement agencies along a route where the student may have traveled.
- Any other person or entity that may have information as to the whereabouts of the missing student.

ALCOHOL AND DRUG POLICY

TSC recognizes the serious nature and potentially harmful effects of using controlled substances and alcohol in the workplace and educational setting. [TSC Board of Trustees Policy po8410](#) prohibits the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of controlled substances and alcohol on college property or sites where College activities are conducted. The sale, service, use, distribution, possession, or consumption of alcoholic beverages on facilities and property owned or controlled by the District Board of Trustees shall be authorized only under the conditions outlined in [TSC Board of Trustees Policy po8410](#).

Operation of a motor vehicle on TSC grounds or property while consuming or under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances is prohibited.

Public intoxication of any individual found in any office, building, or property (including parking lots) that are owned or operated by TSC is prohibited and may result in legal and/or disciplinary action.

Drugs

The possession, sale, manufacture, or distribution of any controlled substance is illegal under both state and federal laws. Such laws are strictly enforced by TSCPD. Violators are subject to TSC disciplinary action, criminal prosecution, fine, and/or imprisonment.

Definitions

- **"Workplace/Educational Setting"** means any office, building, or property (including parking lots) owned or operated by the College, or any other site where work is performed for the College.
- **"Possess"** means to have either in or on a person, personal effects, motor vehicles, and/or areas entrusted to the control of the student or employee such as desks, files, lockers, etc.
- **"Laws Implemented"** refers to Section 1213 of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended by the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989 (P.L. 101-226) (20 U.S.C. 1145g).

SUBSTANCE ABUSE EDUCATION

TSC recognizes the impact abuse of alcohol and drugs can have on academic, professional, and family life. Individuals who may be having trouble with drugs or alcohol are encouraged to seek assistance. Listed below are various local agencies that can provide counseling and assistance:

Alanon

(For families of substance abusers)

1-888-425-2666

www.tallyalanon.org

Alcoholics Anonymous

(For adults and teenagers with alcohol problems)

24-hr line: (850) 224-1818

www.intergroup5.org

Big Bend Area Narcotics Anonymous

(For adults and teenagers with drug problems) (850)
224-2321

<https://bb.naflorida.org>

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services

(800) 662-4357

<https://www.samhsa.gov/find-help>

Drug/Alcohol Addiction Assistance 24-hour Helpline/211 Big Bend

Dial 211 or (850) 617-6333

www.211bigbend.org

Apalachee Center

(850) 523-3333

www.apalacheecenter.org

DISC Village

(850) 575-4388

<https://discvillage.org/>

Townsend ARC Addiction Recovery Center

(850) 656-5112

www.townsendarc.com

SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE

GUIDANCE FOR VICTIMS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT

Victims of Sexual assault are strongly encouraged to take the following steps:

- Get to a safe place as soon as possible.
- Call police by dialing 9-1-1.
- Contact TSCPD at (850) 201-6100.
- To preserve evidence that will be important in prosecution, a victim of sexual assault should not eat, drink, wash, shower, go to the bathroom, douche, or clean up prior to a medical exam.

TSC does not tolerate sex offenses in any form, including sexual assault, sexual misconduct, sexual harassment (unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical harassment of a sexual nature), harassment, exploitation, or intimidation. Reports of sex offenses may be made to TSCPD. Reports of sex offenses can be addressed both through college administrative procedures and through the criminal justice system. TSC will aid in notifying authorities upon a student's request. Any criminal proceeding is entirely separate from administrative proceedings of TSC. Upon request from the victim or next of kin, if the victim is deceased, TSC will disclose the results of a disciplinary proceeding for a violent crime or non-forcible sex offense.

TSCPD offers workshops on violence prevention for the entire campus. In addition, educational programs covering topics such as alcohol, sexual violence, and recovering from an assault are available.

TSCPD officers are trained in the proper identification, collection, and preservation of evidence, which is essential to successful prosecution of most sex offenses. It is crucial that law enforcement be contacted as soon as possible in cases of sexual misconduct. Reporting the crime to law enforcement allows action that may prevent further victimization and can lead to the apprehension of the suspect.

If a victim of sexual assault does not wish to make a report to law enforcement, he or she is still encouraged to seek professional medical advice and counseling. Please note that all healthcare providers are legally required to report all cases of suspected sexual or physical assault to law enforcement. Additional assistance is available through the following:

TSC Victim's Advocate

- (850) 201-6241

Leon County Sheriff's Office Victim's Advocate Unit

- (850) 414-9826

Tallahassee Police Department Victim's Advocate Unit

- (850) 891-4200

Refuge House (Domestic Violence and/or Rape Crisis)

- (850)681-2111

State Attorney's Office Victim's Advocate Unit

- (850)606-6000

TSC Equity Officer & Title IX Coordinator

- (850)201-6074

TSC Counseling Center

- (850)201-7726

Risk Reduction

No action or inaction by a crime survivor makes that person responsible for his or her victimization. Only rapists are responsible for rape. Eighty percent of sexual assaults and rapes are perpetrated by someone known to the survivor, and on college campuses, approximately ninety percent of survivors know their attacker. The *Rape, Abuse, & Incest National Network* (www.rainn.org) is a resource for strategies to reduce one's risk of sexual assault or harassment. The tactics that follow include some of those strategies.

Risk Reduction Strategies

1. Be aware of your surroundings. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you find a way to get out of a bad situation.
2. Try to avoid isolated areas. It is more difficult to get help if no one is around.
3. Walk with confidence and purpose. Even if you do not know where you are going, act like you do. Body language works to your advantage.
4. Be mindful of the locations of campus blue light emergency phones and use them if you feel threatened.
5. **Trust your instincts.** If a situation or location feels unsafe or uncomfortable, it is not the best place to be.
6. Try not to load yourself down with packages or bags as this can make you appear more vulnerable.
7. Make sure your cellphone is with you and charged.
8. Do not allow yourself to be isolated with someone you do not trust or someone you do not know.
9. Make others earn your trust. A college environment can foster a false sense of security. They may feel like fast friends but give people time to earn your trust before relying on them.
10. Avoid putting music headphones in both ears so that you can be more aware of your surroundings, especially if you are walking alone.
11. Be secure. Lock your doors while driving. Lock your doors and windows at home. If you are in a shared apartment, ensure the main door to the apartment remains locked.
12. When you go to a social gathering, go with a group of friends. Arrive together, check in with each other

throughout the evening, and leave together. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you find a way out of a bad situation.

13. Talk to your friends beforehand. Agree to look out for each other. Let them know if you plan to leave with someone, where you are going, and when you will be back. Have a buddy system. Do not be afraid to let a friend know if you are worried about his or her safety.
14. Do not be afraid to intervene if you see a friend leaving a party with a stranger.
15. Be careful about posting your location on social media. Many social media sites use geolocation to publicly share your location. Consider disabling this function and reviewing other social media settings.
16. Again, *trust your instincts*. If you feel unsafe in any situation, go with your gut. If you see something suspicious, contact law enforcement immediately (off-campus authorities can be reached by calling 9-1-1, TSCPD can be reached at 850-201-6100.)
17. Do not leave your drink unattended while talking, dancing, using the restroom, or making a phone call. If you have left your drink alone, just get a new one.
18. Do not accept drinks from people you do not know or trust. If you choose to accept a drink, go with the person to the bar to order it, watch it being poured, and carry it yourself. At parties, do not drink from punch bowls or other large, commonly open containers.
19. Watch out for your friends and vice versa. If a friend seems out of it, is way too intoxicated by alcohol they have had, or is acting out of character, get him or her to a safe place immediately. Be aware of sudden changes in the way your body feels. Ask yourself if you feel more intoxicated than you should. If you suspect you or a friend has been drugged, contact law enforcement immediately (local authorities can be reached by calling 9-1-1). Be explicit with doctors so they can give you the correct tests (you will need a urine test and others).
20. Check in with yourself. Know your limits. Whether you drink regularly or not, check in with yourself periodically to register how you feel – stay in control and do not get in over your head.
21. It is okay to leave a situation. You are never obligated to remain in a situation that makes you feel uncomfortable, pressured, or threatened.
22. If someone approaches you or touches you in an inappropriate manner, try to get away and call out for help. Dial 9-1-1, or if on campus, call TSCPD at 850-201-6100, or activate an emergency phone.
23. If you need to get out of an uncomfortable or scary situation here are some things you can try:
 - Remember that being in this situation is not your fault. You did not do anything wrong. It is the person who is making you uncomfortable that is to blame.
 - Be true to yourself. Do not feel obligated to do anything you do not want to do. “I don’t want to” is always a good enough reason. Do only what feel right and comfortable to you.
 - Have a code word with your friends or family so that if you do not feel comfortable you can call them and communicate your discomfort without the person you are with knowing. Your friends or family can then get you or make up an excuse for you to leave.
 - Lie. If you do not want to hurt the person’s feelings, it is better to lie and make up a reason to leave than to stay and be uncomfortable, scared, or worse. Some excuses you could use are needing to take care of a

friend or family member, not feeling well, having somewhere else that you need to be, etc.

- Try to think of an escape route. Identify how to get out of the room. Find the doors and windows. Notice people around who might be able to help you. Look for an emergency phone nearby.
- If you and/or the other person have been drinking, you can say that you would rather wait until you both have your full judgment before doing anything you might regret later.

24. Always have a plan for how you will get home.

- Do not accept rides or walking accompaniment from people you do not know or trust.
- If you feel you are being followed, cross the street, yell, run, and look for a well-lit area or occupied building.
- Call 9-1-1 or TSCPD at 850-201-6098.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, AND STALKING

Domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking are violations of state law and are prohibited on TSC properties. TSCPD provides information about awareness and prevention of these acts of violence. Victims or people having knowledge of this type of offense are encouraged to notify TSCPD or a Campus Security Authority. These offenses should be reported to law enforcement to prevent further incidents and injury. Both criminal and College disciplinary action may be taken against the perpetrator of these offenses. College proceedings to review these matters will be conducted by officials who receive training on the issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, and how to investigate and hearing process that protects the safety of victims and promotes accountability. The standard of evidence that TSC will use is the preponderance of evidence presented. Victims of these crimes can obtain further assistance from the victim assistance agencies listed in this report. Upon request from the victim, or next of kin, if the victim is deceased, the College will disclose the results of a disciplinary proceeding for a violent crime or non-forcible sex offense.

GUIDANCE FOR VICTIMS OF DATING VIOLENCE, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, OR STALKING

- Go somewhere safe. Get away from the assailant as quickly as possible.
- Call 9-1-1 to report the incident and obtain assistance. If it is not an emergency, contact TCCPD at 850-201-6100.
- Preserve any evidence for use later. Evidence of dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking can include handwritten or electronic communications such as text messages, telephone messages, emails, videos, and photographs.
- What happened is not the victim's fault. Individuals are not responsible for the actions of others. No one deserves to be assaulted. No one deserves to be stalked. No one has the right to hurt or touch another person against his or her will or without his or her consent.
- Seek support. A trusted friend, family member, instructor, and/or professional counselor can support the victim through the recovery process.

Domestic Violence is a crime. Section 741.28, Florida Statutes defines domestic violence as any assault, aggravated assault, battery, aggravated battery, sexual assault/battery, stalking, aggravated stalking, kidnapping, false imprisonment, or any criminal offense resulting in physical injury or death of one family or household member by another who is or was residing in the same single dwelling unit.

Domestic violence includes physical, emotional, verbal, and sexual abuse.

Victims or those afraid they might become a victim of domestic violence should contact TSCPD, the appropriate local law enforcement agency, or the [State Attorney's Office](#) in the Leon County Courthouse, 301 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida to file a criminal complaint. Victims or those afraid they might become a victim of domestic violence have the right to request an Injunction for Protection.

What is an injunction?

An injunction is a court order signed by a judge that orders the abuser to have no further contact with the victim including prohibiting contact at the victim's places of employment and residence or by telephone. An Injunction for Protection may be obtained by going to the [Clerk of the Circuit Court in the Leon County Courthouse](#), Room 153, 301 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida. Once the forms have been completed and submitted, a judge will review them and either grant or deny the petition. If granted, a Temporary Injunction will be issued, and a court date will be set for the parties to appear before the judge. FAILURE TO ATTEND THIS HEARING WILL RESULT IN THE JUDGE DISMISSING THE INJUNCTION. The [Leon County Sheriff's Office](#) will serve the abuser with the Injunction. The petitioner should also provide a copy of the order to TSCPD.

A victim does not have to have visible injuries or be married to apply for an Injunction. If the victim is unable to pay filing fees, he or she can complete a form to have the fee waived. Victims are advised to take a picture identification card with them to the courthouse and always keep a copy of the Injunction with them.

What happens if the abuser violates the order?

In the event the abuser violates the order, the victim should contact TSCPD or the appropriate local law enforcement agency for assistance. If an arrest cannot be made right away, the victim may file an Order to Show Cause Affidavit in person with the [Clerk of the Circuit Court](#), Room 153, in the Leon County Courthouse. The affidavit will be forwarded to the appropriate authority. The TSC Victim's Advocate can be reached by calling (850) 201-6241 to assist with questions about obtaining an injunction.

VICTIM RIGHTS, CONFIDENTIALITY, AND REPORTING

To ensure victim confidentiality and prevent possible further victimization, TSC and TSCPD will protect the identity of a victim of violent crimes as outlined by the Clery Act and state and federal laws. Personally, identifying information will not be included in any publicly available recordkeeping, including required Clery Act reporting and disclosures. Additionally, TSC and TSCPD will maintain any accommodations or protective measures provided to the victim, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the institution to provide the accommodations or protective measures.

The term "confidentiality" refers to the circumstances under which information will or will not be disclosed to others. Resources such as the TSC Counseling Center are designated as confidential resources. Conversations with these individuals are privileged. Information shared with confidential resources (including information about whether an individual has received services) will only be disclosed to the Title IX Coordinator, and others, only if express written permission is given by the individual, unless there is an imminent threat of serious harm to the individual or to others, or a legal obligation to reveal such information (e.g., if there is suspected abuse or neglect of a minor). Confidential sources may submit non-identifying information about violations of this policy to TSCPD

for purposes of anonymous statistical reporting under the Clery Act.

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 protects people from discrimination based on sex in education programs or activities which receive Federal financial assistance. Title IX states that: "No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance."

Individuals involved in investigations or disciplinary proceedings under this policy are encouraged to exercise discretion in sharing information to safeguard the integrity of the process and to avoid the appearance of retaliation. While discretion regarding the process is important, complainants and respondents are not restricted from discussing and sharing information with others who may support or assist them in presenting their case.

Medical and counseling records are privileged and confidential documents that parties will not be required to disclose.

TSC is committed to creating a safe educational environment for all students, faculty, and staff. Sexual misconduct of any kind, including, but not limited to, sexual violence, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, sexual harassment, or retaliation for reporting such offenses, will not be tolerated. Sexual misconduct also applies in instances wherein consent cannot be given (e.g., student's age, use of drugs or alcohol, or other disability). Students are afforded protections from sexual misconduct, and any hostile education environment resulting from such misconduct, regardless of the sex, sexual orientation, or gender identity of either the alleged perpetrator or complainant, including when both are members of the same sex.

EQUAL ACCESS/EQUAL OPPORTUNITY, DISCRIMINATION, SEXUAL MISCONDUCT, AND UNLAWFUL HARASSMENT

[TSC District Board of Trustees Policy po8420](#) outlines TSC's policies and procedures regarding equal access, equal opportunity, discrimination, sexual misconduct, and unlawful harassment.

STUDENT CODE OF CONDUCT

TSC strives to achieve and support its educational mission and goals in a safe environment wherein all students have the same opportunity to succeed academically. TSC has established regulations that set forth minimum standards for student behavior. Those standards are provided in the Student Code of Conduct located in the [TSC Handbook](#).

SEX OFFENDER REGISTRATION INFORMATION

Federal and state law requires a person designated as a sexual predator or offender to register with the Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE). FDLE is then required to notify the local law enforcement agency where the registrant resides if he or she attends or is employed by an institution of higher learning.

For more information visit [Florida's Sexual Offender Registry](#).

OFFENSE DEFINITIONS

Per the Clery Act, crimes are classified based on the Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI) Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Handbook. For sex offenses only, the definitions used are from the FBI's National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) edition of the UCR. Hate crimes are classified according to the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting Hate Crime Data Collection Guidelines and Training Guide for Hate Crime Data Collection. A hate crime is a criminal offense committed against a person or property that is motivated, in whole or in part, by the offender's bias. Bias is a pre-formed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their actual or perceived race, gender, gender identity, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity/national origin, or advanced age. Although the law states that institutions must use the UCR for defining and classifying crimes, it does not require Clery Act crime reporting to meet all UCR standards.

Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter—the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Negligent Manslaughter—the killing of another person through gross negligence.

Sex Offenses, Forcible—any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent. There are four types of forcible sex offenses:

- Forcible Rape is the carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (or because of his/her youth). This offense includes the forcible rape of both males and females.

Forcible Sodomy is oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her

temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

- Sexual Assault With an Object is the use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity. An object or instrument is anything used by the offender other than the offender's genitalia. Examples are a finger, bottle, handgun, stick, etc.
- Forcible Fondling is the touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity. Forcible fondling includes "indecent liberties" and "child molesting."

Sex Offenses, Non-forcible incidents of unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse. Only two types of offenses are included in this definition:

- Incest is non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- Statutory Rape is non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent. If force was used or threatened, or the victim was incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth, or temporary or permanent mental impairment, the offense should be classified as forcible rape, not statutory rape.

Robbery—the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault—an unlawful attack by one person

upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied using a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Burglary—the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. The UCR classifies offenses locally known as Burglary (any degree) unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts at these offenses as Burglary.

Motor Vehicle Theft—the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

Arson—any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Hate Crimes—any of the offenses, larceny, simple assault, intimidation, and vandalism reported to local police agencies or to a campus security authority that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias. Categories of bias are:

- Race -- A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics (e.g., color of skin, eyes, and/or hair; facial features, etc.) genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind (e.g., Asians, blacks, whites).
- Gender -- A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons because those persons are male or female. Gender bias is also a Clery Act- specific term, not found in the FBI's Hate Crime Data Collection Guidelines.
- Gender Identity - A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity (e.g., bias against transgender or gender non-conforming individuals).
- Religion -- A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share

the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being (e.g., Catholics, Jews, Protestants, atheists).

- Sexual orientation -- A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their sexual attraction toward, and responsiveness to, members of their own sex or members of the opposite sex (e.g., gays, lesbians, heterosexuals).
- Ethnicity/national origin -- A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons of the same race or national origin who share common or similar traits, languages, customs, and traditions (e.g., Arabs, Hispanics).
- Disability. A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments/ challenges, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital, or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age, or illness.

Liquor Law Violations—the violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence and drunkenness.

Drug Law Violations—the violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution, and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use, the unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation, or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance.

Weapons Law Violations—the violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons.

Violence Against Women Act (VAWA)

The Higher Education Act (HEA) defines the crime categories of domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking in accordance with section 40002(a) of the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) of

1994 as follows:

Domestic Violence -- is defined as a "felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by:

- a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim,
- a person with whom the victim shares a child in common,
- a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner,
- a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies [under VAWA], or
- any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction."

Dating Violence -- means violence (includes but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse) committed by a person against another:

- who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim, and where does such a relationship exist? shall be determined based on consideration of the following factors:
 - o the length of the relationship.
 - o the type of relationship; and
 - o the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship."

Stalking -- is defined as "engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:

- fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or suffer substantial emotional distress."

GEOGRAPHIC DEFINITIONS

On Campus

Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes; and any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to said geographic area, that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes (such as food or other retail vendor).

On Campus Residential (subset of On Campus)

Any student housing facility that is owned or controlled by the institution or is located on property that is owned or controlled by the institution and is within the contiguous geographic area that makes up the campus is considered an on-campus student housing facility. Currently, TSC has no student residential housing.

Non-campus Building or Property

Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.



Public Property

All public property (including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities) that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

SOURCES FOR CRIME STATISTICS

This report contains crime statistics compiled for the calendar year plus the previous two calendar years. Public property crime information was gathered from reports received by the TSCPD, Tallahassee Police Department, Leon County Sheriff's Office, Gadsden County Sheriff's Office, Wakulla County Sheriff's Office, and other agencies having authority as indicated.

CRIME STATISTICS

Reported Crimes

Total Crimes Reported by Tallahassee State College Police Department, College Officials and Other Law Enforcement Agencies (Reported in accordance with Uniform Crime Reporting and Title IX Definitions and Guidelines)																					
Total Uniform Crime Reported on TSC Campuses																					
Offense Types (Includes Attempts)	2021							2022							2023						
	MAIN	CENTER FOR	GCHE	FPSI	GADSDEN	WAKULLA	WAKULLA ENVIRONMENTAL INSTITUTE (WEI)	MAIN	CENTER FOR INNOVATION (CFI)	GCHE	FPSI	GADSDEN CENTER	WAKULLA CENTER	WEI	MAIN	CFI	GCHE	FPSI	GADSDEN	WAKULLA CENTER	WEI
Aggravated Assault	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses - Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses - Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses - Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

Total Crimes Reported by Tallahassee State College Police Department, College
Officials and Other Law Enforcement Agencies
(Reported in accordance with Uniform Crime Reporting and Title IX Definitions and
Guidelines)

	Total Uniform Crime Reported on TSC Campuses								
	Non-Campus Building and Properties			On Public Properties in the Area of Campus			Total Uniform Crimes Reported (TSC and Other Law Enforcement)		
Offense Types (Includes Attempts)	2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	2023
Aggravated Assault	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	1	1
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	0
Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	0	0	5	0	0	6	0	0
Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses - Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses - Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses - Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1

HATE CRIMES

		Total Hate Crime Reported on TSC Campuses																			
Hate Crimes Reported (By Identified Bias)	2021							2022							2023						
	MAIN	CFI	GCHE	FPSI	QUINCY HOUSE	WAKULLA CENTER	WEI	MAIN	CAPITAL CENTER	GCHE	FPSI	QUINCY HOUSE	WAKULLA CENTER	WEI	MAIN	CFI	GCHE	FPSI	GADSDEN CENTER	WAKULLA CENTER	WEI
Disability	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ethnicity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gender	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gender Identity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
National Origin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Religion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sexual Orientation	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	Non-Campus Buildings and Properties			On Public Properties in the Area of Campus			Total Hate Crime Reported (TSC and Other Law Enforcement)		
	2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	2023
Hate Crimes Reported (By Identified Bias)									
Disability	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ethnicity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gender	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gender Identity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
National Origin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Religion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sexual Orientation	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

ARRESTS AND REFERRALS/UNFOUNDED CRIMES

Arrests and Referrals (By Reporting Category)	Total Arrests and Referrals Reported on TSC Campuses																		Non-Campus Buildings and Properties			On Public Properties in Area of Campus			Total Arrests and Referrals Reported					
	2021						2022						2023						2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	2023			
	MAIN	CFI	GCHE	FPSI	GADSDEN CENTER	WAKULLA CENTER	WEI	MAIN	CFI	GCHE	FPSI	GADSDEN CENTER	WAKULLA CENTER	WEI	MAIN	CFI	GCHE	FPSI	GADSDEN CENTER	WAKULLA CENTER	WEI									
Drug Law Violations																														
Arrest	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Referral	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Liquor Law Violations																														
Arrest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Referral	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violation																														
Arrest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Referral	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unfounded Crimes	Total Unfounded Crimes Reported on TSC Campuses																		Non-Campus Buildings and Properties			On Public Properties in Area of Campus			Total Unfounded Reports					
	2021						2022						2023						2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	2023			
	MAIN	CFI	GCHE	FPSI	GADSDEN CENTER	WAKULLA CENTER	WEI	MAIN	CFI	GCHE	FPSI	GADSDEN CENTER	WAKULLA CENTER	WEI	MAIN	CFI	GCHE	FPSI	GADSDEN CENTER	WAKULLA CENTER	WEI									
All Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

The logo for Tallahassee State College (TSC) features the letters 'TSC' in a bold, white, sans-serif font. The 'T' is a simple vertical bar with a horizontal top bar. The 'S' is a blocky letter with a horizontal top bar. The 'C' is a blocky letter with a horizontal top bar and a vertical right side. The letters are set against a blue background with a geometric pattern of triangles and squares.

**TALLAHASSEE
STATE COLLEGE**